

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Acetaldehyde	U	U	E	U	U	E	U	E
Acetamide	O	O	G	O	E	G	U	E
Acetic Acid – Crude	U	U	E	U	U	E	U	E
Acetic Acid – Pure	U	U	E	U	U	E	U	E
Acetic Acid – 10%	U	U	E	U	U	E	U	E
Acetic Acid – 80%	U	U	E	U	U	E	U	E
Acetic Acid - Anhydride	U	U	E	U	U	U	U	E
Acetone	G	G	E	E	U	E	U	E
Acetophenone	U	U	U	U	U	E	U	E
Acetylene	G	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Acrylonitrile	G	G	E	E	U	G	G	E
Air (Dry)	E	E	E	E	E	O	O	E
Alcohol – Amyl	U	G	E	E	G	E	E	E
Alcohol – Butyl	U	G	E	E	G	E	E	E
Alcohol – Ethyl	U	O	E	E	G	E	G	E
Alcohol – Methyl	U	O	E	E	G	E	U	E
Alum – Ammonium	U	O	G	O	G	E	E	E
Alum – Chrome	U	O	G	O	G	O	E	E
Alum – Potassium	U	O	G	O	G	E	O	E
Alumina	G	G	G	G	E	E	G	E
Aluminum Chloride	U	U	U	U	G	E	E	E
Aluminum Fluoride	U	O	G	O	G	E	E	E
Aluminum Hydroxide	U	O	G	O	G	O	G	E
Aluminum Nitrate	O	O	G	O	E	E	E	E
Aluminum Sulphate	U	G	G	U	E	E	E	E
Amines	U	U	E	O	G	E	O	E
Ammonia, Anhydrous	U	G	E	U	G	E	U	E
Ammonia Solutions	U	G	E	U	G	E	O	E
Ammonium Acetate	U	O	G	O	O	G	O	E
Ammonium Carbonate	U	O	G	O	G	E	O	E
Ammonium Chloride 50% 180°F	U	U	G	U	E	E	E	E
Ammonium Hydroxide	U	G	E	U	E	E	O	E
Ammonium Nitrate 5% 60°F	U	G	E	U	E	G	U	E
Ammonium Phosphate	U	G	E	U	E	G	U	E
Ammonium Sulphate 90% 180°F	U	U	G	U	E	E	E	E
Ammonium Sulphide	O	O	O	O	G	G	O	E
Amyl Acetate	U	G	E	E	U	E	U	E
Amyl Chloride	U	G	E	E	U	U	E	E
Aniline 90% 70°F	U	G	E	U	U	G	G	E
Aniline Dyes	U	G	E	O	U	G	G	E
Antimony Trichloride	U	O	O	O	U	G	E	E
Aqua Regina	U	O	U	O	O	U	E	E
Arsenic Acid	O	G	G	O	U	U	G	E
ASTM Oil #1	G	E	E	E	E	U	E	E
ASTM Oil #3	G	E	E	G	E	U	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
ASTM Ref. Fuel A	G	E	E	G	G	U	E	E
ASTM Ref. Fuel B	G	E	E	G	G	U	E	E
ASTM Ref. Fuel C	G	E	E	G	G	U	E	E
Asphalt	E	E	E	E	U	U	E	E
Barium Carbonate 60°F	U	O	O	G	E	E	O	E
Barium Chloride	U	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Barium Hydroxide	U	E	E	U	E	E	E	E
Barium Sulphate 60°F	U	O	E		E	E	E	E
Barium Sulphide	U	O	E	U	E	E	E	E
Beer (Beverage)	U	E	E	U	U	E	E	E
Beet Sugar Liquors	U	E	E	U	E	E	E	E
Benzaldehyde	U	E	E	E	U	G	U	E
Benzene (Benzol) 70°F	U	E	E	E	U	U	G	E
Benzenesulfonic Acid	U	O	G	O	O	U	E	E
Benzoic Acid 5% 70°F	U	G	E	O	U	U	G	E
Black Sulphate Liquor	U	G	E	U	E	U	E	E
Bleaching Powder – Wet	U	G	E	U	E	G	E	E
Borax	U	U	E	U	U	E	E	E
Boric Acid 5% 200°F	U	U	E	U	E	E	E	E
Brake Fluid (Automotive)	O	O	E	O	O	G	O	E
Brine (Acid)	U	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Brine – Chlorinated	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Bromine – Gas	U	U	U	O	U	U	E	E
Bromine – Water	U	U	U	O	U	U	E	E
Bromobenzene	O	O	O	O	O	U	E	E
Butadiene	U	G	E	O	U	E	E	E
Butane – Butylene	G	E	E	E	G	G	E	E
Butyl Acetate	G	E	E	E	U	U	U	E
Butyl Alcohol	G	O	E	O	G	E	E	E
Butyric Acid 5% 70°F	U	G	E	O	U	G	G	E
Calcium Bisulfite	U	G	G	U	E	U	E	E
Calcium Carbonate 60°F	U	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Calcium Chlorate 20% 160°F	O	G	E	O	O	O	E	E
Calcium Chloride	U	G	G	E	E	E	E	E
Calcium Hydroxide 50% 175°F	U	E	E	U	G	E	E	E
Calcium Hypochlorite	O	G	G	O	U	E	G	E
Calcium Nitrate	O	O	G	O	G	G	G	E
Calcium Oxide	U	O	U	O	O	G	O	E
Calcium Sulphate 90% 60°F	U	E	E	E	U	E	E	E
Calgon	U	O	E	O	E	O	E	E
Caliche Liquor	U	O	E	O	G	G	O	E
Cane Sugar Liquors	U	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Carbitol	O	O	O	O	G	G	U	E
Carbon Bisulfide	O	O	O	O	U	U	E	E
Carbon Dioxide	U	E	E	E	G	G	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Carbon Disulfide	U	O	O	G	U	U	E	E
Carbon Tetrachloride	U	G	G	U	U	U	E	E
Carbonic Acid	U	G	G	O	G	G	E	E
Castor Oil	G	G	E	G	G	U	E	E
Caustic Solutions 34% 200°F	U	G	E	U	U	G	E	E
Cellosolve	G	O	G	O	U	G	U	E
China Wood Oil (Tung)	U	O	E	U	E	U	E	E
Chlorine Gas – Dry 70°F	U	U	G	U	G	U	E	E
Chlorine, Liquid	O	U	G	O	U	U	E	E
Chloroacetic Acid	U	O	O	G	U	E	U	E
Chlorobenzene 90% 70°F	U	E	E	E	U	U	G	E
Chloroform 70°F	U	G	E	E	U	U	E	E
Chlorosulfonic Acid 10%	U	U	U	G	U	U	U	E
Chlorotoluene	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Chromic Acid 5% 70°F	U	G	E	U	U	U	E	E
Citric Acid 5% 150°F	U	U	E	U	G	G	E	E
Coal Slurry	O	O	O	O	G	G	O	
Coconut Oil (Food)	U	U	E	U	G	U	E	E
Coffee (Food)	U	U	E	U	U	G	G	E
Copper Chloride	U	U	U	G	G	G	G	E
Copper Cyanide	U	O	G	O	G	G	G	E
Copper Sulphate 80% 175°F	U	G	E	U	E	E	E	E
Corn Syrup	O	O	O	O	G	U	G	E
Cottonseed Oil	G	E	E	E	E	G	E	E
Creosol	U	U	E	O	U	U	G	E
Creosote	E	E	E	G	U	U	E	E
Cresylic Acid	O	G	E	O	G	U	E	E
Crude Oil	U	G	E	E	E	U	E	E
Cupric Chloride	O	O	O	O	G	G	G	E
Cupric Nitrate	O	O	O	O	O	G	G	E
Cupric Sulfate	O	O	O	O	G	G	G	E
Cyclohexane	U	E	E	E	G	U	G	E
Cyclohexanol	O	O	O	O	U	O	G	E
Cyclohexanone	O	O	O	O	U	U	U	E
Decalin	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Decane	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Detergents	O	O	G	O	G	E	O	E
Developing Solutions	O	O	O	O	O	G	E	E
Dextrose (Food)	U	U	E	O	E	O	O	E
Diacetone	U	O	O	E	U	G	U	E
Diamylamine	U	E	E	E	G	G	U	E
Dibutyl Phthalate	O	O	O	O	U	E	U	E
Dichlorobenzene	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Dichloroethylene	U	O	U	O	U	U	G	E
Diesel Fuels	U	E	E	G	G	U	G	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Diethyl Amine	U	E	E	E	G	G	G	E
Diethylene Glycol	O	O	O	O	G	G	O	E
Diethyl Ether	O	O	G	O	G	U	U	E
Diethyl Sebacate	O	O	O	O	U	G	E	E
Diethylene Glycol	O	O	O	O	G	G	O	E
Dissobutylene	O	O	O	O	G	O	E	E
Diocyl Phthalate	O	O	O	O	U	G	G	E
Diocyl Sebacate	O	O	O	O	U	G	O	E
Dioxane	O	O	G	O	U	G	U	E
Dowtherms	G	E	E	E	U	U	E	E
Drilling Mud	G	O	E	O	E	E	O	E
Epichlorohydrin	O	O	G	O	U	G	U	E
Epsom Salt	O	O	O	O	E	E	O	E
Ethane	O	O	O	O	E	U	O	E
Ethanolamine	O	O	O	O	G	G	O	E
Ethers	U	O	E	E	U	U	O	E
Ethyl Acetate	U	G	E	O	U	G	U	E
Ethyl Acetoacetate	O	O	G	O	O	G	O	E
Ethyl Acrylate	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Ethyl Chloride 5% 60°F	U	G	E	E	E	E	O	E
Ethylene Dichloride	U	O	O	O	U	U	E	E
Ethylene Glycol (Anti-Freeze)	G	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Ethylene Oxide	G	G	E	O	U	G	U	E
Fatty Acids	E	E	E	O	G	G	E	E
Ferric Chloride	U	U	O	U	U	G	E	E
Ferric Nitrate (PH7+) 5% 60°F	U	O	E	O	G	G	E	E
Ferric Sulphate 5% 60°F	U	O	G	U	E	E	E	E
Ferrous Chloride	U	U	U	O	E	E	E	E
Ferrous Sulphate	U	G	E	U	E	E	E	E
Fertilizer Solutions	O	O	O	O	G	E	O	E
Fish Solutions	O	O	G	O	E	U	O	E
Fluoboric Acid	O		G	O	G	G	O	E
Fluorine 70°F	U	U	U	U	G	O	U	C
Fluosilicic Acid	U	U	G	E	G	E	U	E
Formaldehyde 70°F	U	G	E	E	U	G	E	E
Formic Acid 5% 150°F	U	G	E	E	U	E	U	E
Freon 11	U	E	E	E	G	U	G	E
Freon12	U	E	E	E	G	U	G	E
Freon 22	U	E	E	E	G	U	U	E
Freon 113	U	E	E	E	G	U	O	E
Freon 114	U	E	E	E	G	U	O	E
Fruit Juices (Food) 70°F	U	U	E	U	G	G	O	E
Fuel Oil	U	E	E	E	G	U	O	E
Furfural	U	E	E	O	U	G	U	E
Gallic Acid 5% 200°F	U	O	E	O	E	E	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Gasohol (Ethanol)	O	O	E	U	U	U	E	E
Gasoline – Automotive	U	E	E	G	G	U	E	E
Gelatin (Food)	U	U	E	U	G	G	G	E
Glucose	U	U	E	E	E	E	E	E
Glue	G	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Glycerine/Glycerol 70°F	U	E	E	G	E	E	E	E
Glycols	O	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Green Sulfate Liquor	U	U	U	U	G	E	O	E
Heptane	U	G	E	E	E	U	E	E
Hexaldehyde	O	O	O	O	U	G	O	E
Hexane	U	G	E	E	E	U	E	E
Hexyl Alcohol	O	O	O	O	E	G	G	E
Hexylene Glycol	O	O	O	O	E	O	O	E
Hydraulic Oils	U	G	E	E	G	U	E	E
Hydrobromic Acid 200°F	U	U	U	U	U	G	E	E
Hydrochloric Acid 10% 60°F	U	U	U	U	U	E	E	E
Hydrochloric Acid 20% 60°F	U	U	U	U	U	G	E	E
Hydrochloric Acid 35% 60°F	U	U	U	U	U	G	E	E
Hydrocyanic Acid	U	O	G	U	U	E	E	E
Hydrofluoric Acid 48%	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	E
Hydrofluoric Acid 60%	U	U	U	U	U	U	G	E
Hydrofluoric Acid 100%	U	U	U	U	U	U	G	E
Hydrofluosilic Acid 5% 70°F	U	G	U	E	G	G	G	E
Hydrogen	U	G	E	U	E	E	E	E
Hydrogen Peroxide 90%	U	U	G	U	U	U	G	E
Hydrogen Sulfide – Dry	U	U	G	U	U	G	U	E
Hydrogen Sulfide – Wet	U	U	E	U	U	G	U	E
Hydroquinone	O	O	G	O	O	U	E	E
Hypochlorous Acid	U	U	U	O	O	E	E	E
Ink	O	O	O	O	E	U	E	E
Iodine	O	O	U	O	U	E	E	E
Iodine Solution	U	U	U	U	U	G	E	E
Isobutyl Alcohol	O	O	O	O	U	E	E	E
Iso-octane	U	E	E	E	E	U	E	E
Isopropyl Alcohol	U	E	E	E	U	E	E	E
Isopropyl Ether	O	O	O	O	E	U	U	E
Jet Fuel JP-1 thru JP-5	O	O	G	O	E	U	E	E
Jet Fuel JP-6	O	O	O	O	E	U	U	E
Kerosene	E	E	E	E	E	U	G	E
Lacquer Solvents	U	E	E	E	U	U	U	E
Lactic Acid 5% 70°F	U	U	G	U	U	G	E	E
Lard Oil 70°	O	O	G	O	E	E	U	E
Lead Acetate	O	O	G	O	E	E	U	E
Lead Nitrate	O	O	O	O	G	E	G	E
Lead Sulfamate	O	O	O	O	O	G	G	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Lead Sulfate	O	O	G	O	G	G	O	E
Lemon Oil	U	U	E	E	G	O	O	E
Ligroin	O	O	O	O	G	O	G	E
Lime Bleach	O	O	O	O	G	G	G	E
Lime Sulfur	O	G	E	G	U	G	G	E
Linoleic Acid	G	O	G	O	G	U	E	E
Linseed Oil	U	E	E	E	G	U	E	E
Lubricating Oil	E	E	E	E	E	U	E	E
Lye	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Magnesium Chloride 4% 75°F	U	U	G	U	E	E	E	E
Magnesium Hydroxide	U	E	E	G	G	E	E	E
Magnesium Nitrate	O	O	G	O	O	G	O	E
Magnesium Oxide	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Magnesium Sulphate 5% 120°F	U	G	E	E	E	E	E	E
Maleic Acid	O	O	G	O	E	U	E	E
Malic Acid	G	O	E	O	E	U	E	E
Mercuric Chloride 3% 60°F	U	U	U	U	G	E	E	E
Mercuric Cyanide	U	O	E	O	G	G	E	E
Mercurous Nitrate (pH7+)	U	O	O	O	U	O	O	E
Mercury	E	E	E	U	E	E	E	E
Mesityl Oxide	O	O	O	O	U	G	O	E
Methyl Acetate	U	G	E	O	U	G	U	E
Methyl Acetone	U	E	E	E	U	G	U	E
Methyl Alcohol	O	O	G	E	E	E	O	E
Methyl Cellosolve	U	E	E	E	U	G	O	E
Methyl Chloride	G	G	E	E	U	G	G	E
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	E	E	E	E	U	G	U	E
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	E	O	E	O	U	G	U	E
Methyl Isopropyl Ketone	E	O	E	O	U	G	U	E
Methyl Methacrylate	O	O	O	O	U	U	U	E
Methyl Oleate	O	O	O	O	O	G	G	E
Methylene Chloride	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Milk (Food)	U	U	E	U	G	E	O	E
Mineral Oil	U	O	G	O	G	U	E	E
Molasses (Food)	U	U	E	U	G	G	O	E
Monobromobenzene	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Monochlorobenzene	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Monoethanolamine	O	O	O	O	U	G	G	E
Naphtha	U	E	E	E	G	U	E	E
Naphthalene	U	E	E	E	U	U	G	E
Natural Gas	G	E	E	E	G	U	E	E
Nickel Acetate	O	O	O	O	E	E	O	E
Nickel Ammonium Sulphate	U	O	E	O	E	E	O	E
Nickel Chloride	U	O	U	O	E	E	E	E
Nickel Sulphate 10% 60°F	U	O	E	O	G	E	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Nitric Acid 10% 70°F	U	O	U	U	U	G	E	E
Nitric Acid 30% 70°F	U	O	O	U	U	G	E	E
Nitric Acid 60% 175°F	U	O	O	U	U	U	E	E
Nitric Acid 70%	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	E
Nitrobenzene	U	O	E	O	U	G	G	E
Nitroethane	O	O	O	O	U	G	O	E
Nitrous Acid 10%	O	O	G	O	U	E	O	E
Nitrous Oxide	O	O	O	O	U	G	G	E
Octadecane	O	O	O	O	G	U	G	E
Octane	O	O	O	O	G	U	G	E
Octyl Alcohol	O	O	O	O	G	U	G	E
Oils and Fats	E	E	E	E	E	U	O	E
Oils, Fish	U	G	E	U	G	U	O	E
Oleic Acid 100°F	U	U	G	G	G	G	G	E
Oleum	U	U	U	O	U	U	E	E
Olive Oil	O	O	O	O	E	U	O	E
Oxalic Acid	U	U	G	U	U	E	G	E
Oxygen	E	E	E	E	E	E	O	E
Ozone	U	G	E	O	U	E	E	E
Palmitic Acid	U	G	E	G	G	E	E	E
Pentane	O	O	O	O	E	U	O	E
Perchlorethylene	U	G	E	O	U	U	E	E
Perchloric Acid	O	U	U	O	U	G	E	E
Petrolatum	O	O	O	O	E	U	G	E
Petroleum - Refined	G	O	O	G	G	U	E	E
Petroleum – Sour	U	G	G	U	U	U	G	E
Phenol	U	O	E	O	U	U	G	E
Phenylbenzene	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Phenylethyl Ether	O	O	O	O	U	U	U	E
Phenylhydrazine	O	O	O	O	U	G	E	E
Phorone	O	O	O	O	U	G	O	E
Phosphoric Acid 10% 70°F	U	U	G	U	G	E	E	E
Phosphoric Acid 25% 70°F	U	U	G	U	U	E	E	E
Phosphorous Acid 75% 70°F	U	U	G	U	U	E	E	E
Phosphorous Oxychloride	U	O	U	O	O	O	O	E
Phosphorous Trichloride	O	O	U	O	G	G	G	E
Photographic Solutions	O	O	E	O	O	O	G	E
Pickling Sol. (20% Nitric-4HF)	U	O	G	O	O	U	E	E
Picric Acid 80% 70°F	U	O	E	O	U	G	E	E
Pine Oil	O	O	O	O	G	U	E	E
Plating Solutions	O	O	G	O	O	G	G	E
Polyvinyl Acetate	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Potash	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Potassium Bisulfate	O	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Potassium Bromide		O	G	O	E	E	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Potassium Carbonate	G	O	E	E	E	E	E	E
Potassium Chlorate	O	O	G	O	G	E	E	E
Potassium Chloride	U	O	G	E	E	E	E	E
Potassium Cyanide	U	G	E	U	E	E	E	E
Potassium Dichromate	G	O	E	U	U	E	E	E
Potassium Ferricyanide	O	O	G	O	E	E	E	E
Potassium Ferrocyanide	O	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Potassium Hydroxide 5% 70°F	U	G	E	U	E	E	E	E
Potassium Iodine	O	O	G	O	E	E	O	E
Potassium Nitrate 6% 68°F	U	G	E	U	G	E	E	E
Potassium Permanganate	G	O	G	O	U	E	O	E
Potassium Phosphate	U	O	G	O	E	E	E	E
Potassium Sulphate 7& 180°F	U	G	E	E	E	E	E	E
Potassium Sulfide	U	G	E	O	E	E	O	E
Potassium Sulfite	U	O	E	O	U	E	O	E
Propane	U	E	E	E	G	U	G	E
Propyl Acetate	O	O	O	O	U	G	O	E
Propyl Alcohol	O	E	E	O	E	E	E	E
Propyl Nitrate	O	O	O	O	O	G	O	E
Propylene Glycol	O	O	O	O	E	E	O	E
Propylene Oxide	O	O	O	O	O	G	U	E
Pydraul	O	O	O	O	U	U	G	E
Pyridine 150°F	O	O	O	O	U	G	U	E
Resins and Rosins	U	E	E	E	O	O	E	E
SAE #10 Oil	G	O	O	E	E	U	E	E
Salicylic Acid	O	O	E	O	E	E	E	E
Sea Water 70°F	U	U	G	G	E	E	E	E
Sewage	U	G	E	G	E	E	E	E
Silicone Greases	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Silicone Oils	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Silver Cyanide	O	O	O	O	E	E	O	E
Silver Nitrate	U	O	G	O	E	E	E	E
Liver Sulfate	O	O	O	O	O	E	E	E
Skydrol 500	G	E	E	E	U	E	E	E
Soap Solution (Stearate) 70°F	U	U	E	E	E	E	E	E
Sodium Acetate 5% 75°F	U	U	E	E	G	E	U	E
Sodium Aluminate	U	O	E	O	E	E	E	E
Sodium Bicarbonate	E	E	E	G	E	E	E	E
Sodium Bisulfate	U	U	E	O	E	E	E	E
Sodium Bisulfite	O	O	O	O	E	E	E	E
Sodium Carbonate 80% 60°F	U	G	E	G	E	E	E	E
Sodium Chlorate	E	O	G	O	O	G	E	E
Sodium Chloride 30% 180°F	U	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Sodium Cyanide	U	O	E	U	E	E	E	E
Sodium Dichromate	O	O	O	U	E	E	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED

	NICKEL PL DUCT. IRON	416 SS	316 SS	ALUM. BRONZE	BUNA-N	EPDM	VITON	TEFLON
Sodium Fluoride 5% 60°F	U	O	O	U	E	E	O	E
Sodium Hydroxide 5%	U	G	E	G	G	G	U	E
Sodium Hydroxide 20%	U	U	E	U	G	G	U	E
Sodium Hydroxide 50%	U	U	G	U	U	U	U	E
Sodium Hydroxide 70%	U	U	G	U	U	U	U	E
Sodium Hypochlorite 5% 60°F	U	O	G	U	U	E	G	E
Sodium Metaphosphate	O	G	E	O	E	E	E	E
Sodium Nitrate 30% 60°F	U	G	E	G	G	E	G	E
Sodium Perborate	U	G	E	O	G	E	E	E
Sodium Peroxide	U	G	E	U	U	E	E	E
Sodium Phosphate 5% 60°F	U	G	E	O	G	E	E	E
Sodium Silicate	U	G	E	G	E	E	E	E
Sodium Sulphate 80% 60°F	U	G	E	G	E	E	E	E
Sodium Sulfide 70% 70°F	U	G	E	U	U	E	E	E
Sodium Sulfite 5% 70°F	U	O	O	U	G	E	E	E
Sodium Thiosulfate	U	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
Stannic Chloride	U	U	U	O	E	E	E	E
Starch Solutions	O	O	O	O	E	E	E	O
Steam 225°F	U	U	E	E	U	E	U	C
Steam 300°F	U	U	E	G	U	C	U	C
Stearic Acid 90% 200°F	U	G	E	U	E	G	E	E
Stoddard's Solvent	O	O	O	O	E	U	E	E
Sulfur Chloride	G	U	G	E	U	U	E	E
Sulphur (Molten)	U	G	G	U	U	E	G	E
Sulphur Dioxide 60°F	U	G	E	U	U	E	U	E
Sulphur Trioxide	U	G	E	O	U	U	G	E
Sulfuric Acid 0-7% 70°F	U	U	G	U	U	G	E	E
Sulfuric Acid 7-40% 70°F	U	U	U	U	U	G	E	E
Sulfuric Acid 40-75% 70°F	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	E
Sulfuric Acid 75-95%	U	U	U	U	U	U	G	E
Sulfuric Acid 95-100%	U	U	U	U	U	U	G	E
Sulphurous Acid 80% 100°F	U	U	U	U	U	U	E	E
Tall Oil	U	G	E	O	G	U	O	E
Tannic Acid 150°F	U	G	E	G	O	E	E	E
Tar	U	E	E	E	G	U	E	E
Tartaric Acid 150°F	U	G	E	G	E	G	E	E
Tetraethyl Lead	O	O	O	O	G	U	E	E
Tetrahydrofuran	O	O	G	O	U	E	O	E
Toluol and Toluolene	U	E	E	E	U	U	G	E
Transformer Oil	G	G	G	O	E	U	E	E
Tributyl Phosphate	U	E	E	O	U	G	U	E
Trichloroacetic Acid	U	U	O	G	O	G	U	E
Trichloroethylene	U	U	E	E	U	U	G	E
Triethanolamine	U	U	O	O	O	G	U	E
Triethylamine	O	O	O	O	U	O	E	E

MATERIAL SELECTION GUIDE

The following material selection guide is information supplied by various manufacturers of raw material, by benefit of the technical publications and industry evaluations. This information is given as a basis for selection but in no way intended as a guarantee.

E = EXCELLENT

G = GOOD

U = UNSATISFACTORY

O = NOT TESTED